## Trim1

A simple trim function. This function replaces input values greater than or equal to the " b " parameter by the " a " parameter. Input values less than the " b " parameter are multiplied by a constant equal to the ratio between the " a " and " b " parameters. In the special case when " b " is zero, the function replaces all input values by the "a" parameter.

If the " a " and the " b " parameters both have the same sign (both positive or both negative), the "a" parameter is an upper bound on the output values. In such cases the ratio between " a " and " b " is positive, and the Trim1 function takes the following form:

Output $=$ Min(Input $(\mathrm{a} / \mathrm{b}), \mathrm{a})$
On the other hand if the "a" and the " b " parameters have opposite signs, the "a" parameter is a lower bound on the output values. In such cases the ratio between " a " and " b " is negative, and the Trim1 function takes the following form:

Output $=\operatorname{Max}(\operatorname{Input}(\mathrm{a} / \mathrm{b})$, a$)$
In most cases you will probably use the Trim1 function with positive parameter values. In the special case when "a" and " b" are equal, the Trim1 function takes the following simplified form:

Output $=$ Min(Input, a )
Thus, in such cases the Trim1 function may be replaced by the Min function.
Default parameter values:
$\mathrm{a}=1, \mathrm{~b}=1$
Example 1:
$\mathrm{a}=4, \mathrm{~b}=7$

Input $=5=>$ Output $=2.857$
Input $=9$ => Output $=4$

## Example 2:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{a}=-4, \mathrm{~b}=7 \\
& \text { Input }=5 \quad=>\quad \text { Output }=-2.857 \\
& \text { Input }=9 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text { Output }=-4
\end{aligned}
$$

